

(25) (For Φ_n

normal subgroup of

is (Belarukin
1973

M , $\alpha \in \text{Aut}$

st. $\Phi_n^{(\alpha)} = E$

For Hecke α

(a) $t: \mathcal{X} \rightarrow$

st. Ψ

$\Psi(x) = \dots$
 $\Psi[\Gamma\sigma\Gamma]$

$\times \dots$

(26)

t is constructed
out of π

$$t(A) = \sum_{\theta \in A} \overline{\langle \pi(\theta), \nu \rangle} \theta$$

$(\nu \in \ell^2(\Gamma) \text{ unit vector})$

Step 2 Find essential
spectrum of $\Psi[\Gamma \circ \Gamma]$
expressed like above

$$\Psi[\Gamma \circ \Gamma] \in \gamma_r C^*(\text{left cone, right cone,}$$

characteristic fcts) γ_r

$$\gamma_r \in \mathbb{R}^2(\mathbb{C})$$

$\frac{2^4}{5}$ So one has to describe
 the image in Calkin
 algebra $B(\ell^2(\mathbb{N})) / K(\ell^2(\mathbb{N}))$
 of $E_r \in C^*(U(G), R(G), \chi_G) E_r$

which is a up of
 $\chi_r(C^*(G \times G^{\text{op}} \rtimes \{ \chi_{\mathbb{Z}^2} \})) \chi_r$

Recall A_{∞} for $G = \mathbb{F}_N$
 or hyperbolic (02) or lattice
 in Lie Group (Skandalis)

$$C^*(U(G), R(U)) / K \cong C_{\text{red}}^*(G \times G^{\text{op}})$$

(28) Step 2
I identify essential
states

Let $\Phi_0 := \chi_r^* \left((E \times G^T) \cap X_r \right)$
↑
 Characteristic
 fct of
 Coors

defined by

$$\Phi_0 \left(\sum_{g \in (g, \alpha)} f_g \right) =$$

$$= \sum_i \chi(g, \alpha) \frac{\int f_g d(\text{Haus})}{\text{vol}(B_r, \alpha)}$$

$$\chi(g, \alpha) = \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\text{vol}(B_t \cap g, B_t \alpha)}{\text{vol}(B_t)}$$

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All other essential
states are of the form

$$X \rightarrow \Phi(\Sigma^* x \Sigma)$$

One computes

$$N \rightarrow X C^* (G \times G^T \times X_r) X_r$$

$\downarrow \Phi(\Sigma^* x \Sigma)$

Φ
is continuous \square